

## B. &amp; B.

OUR MIDSUMMER CLEARANCE SALE STILL CONTINUES. ALL SUMMER GOODS MUST BE SOLD. THIS IS NOT IDEAL TALK, BUT A CALL WILL CONVINCE YOU THAT WE MEAN WHAT WE SAY.

## BROWNING &amp; PARKLEY

ESTABLISHED, 1892.

## C. S. MINER &amp; BRO.

—Dealers in—

## Boots, Shoes,

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

No. 1 Second Street, Corner Sutton, Maysville.

—THE—

## GREAT Slaughter Sale

—OF—

## BOOTS &amp; SHOES

BEGINS AT RANSON'S TO-DAY. OUR ENTIRE SUMMER STOCK MUST BE SOLD PRIOR TO RECEIVING FALL GOODS, AND TO ACCOMPLISH THIS, WE WILL OFFER UNPRECEDENTED BARGAINS FOR THIRTY DAYS. CALL EARLY AND SECURE BEST BARGAINS.

F. B. RANSON.

JUST RECEIVED,

—A LINE OF—

## CARRIAGE WORK.

Surpassing all former invoices in BEAUTY OF FINISH AND ELAGANCE OF STYLE, and as the financial wave of depression has already struck us the entire stock is offered at

Regular PANIC Prices!

Please call, see our work, be convinced, purchase and be happy.

## EDWARD MYALL,

(Successor to Myall &amp; Riley).

No. 16 Sutton St., MAYSVILLE, KY.

Established 1865.

## EQUITY GROCERY.

G. W. GEISEL.

No. 9 W. Second St., Opp. Opera House.

Fruits and Vegetables in season. Your patronage respectfully solicited. Tel. 141.

SMITH'S KIDNEY TONIC—TRY IT.

## VIEWING THE MARKETS.

JAY GOULD'S REPORTED LOSS IS A WHITE-WINGED RUMOR.

Away From the Scenes of Bulls and Bears  
Hunting Health—Mr. Vanderbilt's  
Doings—Foreign Fancies—Haitian—  
ing Stocks—Stiff Gambling.

New York, Aug. 4.—The stock market continues to exhibit all the artificial strength which the Vanderbilt-Morgan combination gave it in the beginning of July. The daily transactions last week were not as large as they had been the week previous, but the speculative list has been steadily broadening in this sense that the advance is no longer limited to the leading stock, and that those bankrupt concerns have had their securities marked up almost as fast as the solvent companies. That a room trader takes hold of any wild cat stock is enough to send it up four or five points in a matter of days.

France had in the fifteenth century, a law which gave a maiden the privilege of rescuing a criminal condemned to death by declaring at the foot of the scaffold her intention to marry him. Something similar is going on now within our bankrupt concerns, like the Erie, Duquesne and several others. The board room sash is coming forward and that is sufficient to stay the proceedings of the execution. Certainly nobody can want a Denver or Erie stock, yet the former has doubled in price during the last three weeks and the latter has nearly doubled.

It was reported in the street in the beginning of last week that Gould was caught short of the market, was compelled to sell at the loss of a million and a half, and had done so. The market, however, went on as if there was not a word of truth in this story. He and his broker sold a pile of what is known as Gould speculation, and were talking in a very cheerful tone. They still continue to sell all the market will take, but they don't talk so cheerily any longer, for they saw that the board room traders were making money out of this story of Gould being caught short. The idea is absurd to those who have long memories, or even to those who have any memory at all. It is just one of those stories which is started for a purpose, and the absurdity of which, it is hoped, may not be exposed until the purpose has been served.

As for Jay Gould himself, he has neither done nor said anything for the last two weeks in Wall Street. He is away on his vacation, visiting the rugged beauties of Mount Desert, and enjoying the bracing air of Nova Scotia. According to the latest information he was to remain away a fortnight, and his trusted lieutenant, Mr. V. E. Connor, was also to leave to be absent several days.

Now that English papers containing comments upon the Vanderbilt-Morgan deals are coming to hand, we have an opportunity to see how the English language world looks upon these deals and upon the advance in the stock list which has since been made. It appears that the view taken by no means forcible, and that an opinion prevails that "deals between Mr. Vanderbilt and Mr. Roberts may increase their capacity of doing business, but in no way improve either the general condition of railway traffic or the paying capacity of their roads."

The London Financial News says that Mr. Vanderbilt has once more "emptied his pockets by attempting to match his money against Mr. Gould's brain and carry on a bull campaign by himself." After giving an outline of the Vanderbilt-Morgan deal, it says: "It is not surprising to throw up our hats and rejoice over a twenty per cent. maintenance of which is impossible, and which, even if it were to be maintained, is not remunerative."

Things must really look funny to the foreign investors who are informed about the deal, and assume that everything projected in regard to its future is accomplished most successfully. What will be the result to begin with this company? It will increase its debt by \$50,000,000 and its fixed charges by \$2,000,000 a year. Then it will take not less than six months to pay the debts of the West Shore company, and after that it will take at least a year to show the working effect of this compact upon the earnings of New York Central. Assuming that everything will go on in the smoothest and loveliest way and that, at the end of eighteen months, a 6 per cent. dividend will be shown on paper, or even paid to day, it is quite natural that the promoters of the scheme, who began to buy the stock at 92, are very anxious to persuade the public that New York Central is a cheap at present figure. But they can't convince any man of sense that stock of a heavily mortgaged company laboring under almost unbearable competition, and showing nothing but a vague prospect of a possible dividend eighteen months hence, is worth more than six or seven cents on a dollar. But as the men who are engaged in this deal are very rich, they can borrow from the bank as on the stock or all or more than they have paid for it, they will probably try to advance prices still further, or, at all events, to maintain them until an unluckier chance has been secured, or until they have a chance to dispose of their holdings.

One of the most curious features of the present crazy speculation is that the same men who are bulls on stocks are also bulls on wheat. Now if the crops are to be bad, how can the railroads which move them make any money? A bull on wheat should naturally be a bear in stocks, and a bear on wheat a bull on stocks. But this is merely logic which neither Wall street nor Chicago takes any notice of in its gambling.

## THE DRIFT IN ENGLAND.

ON THE SHIFTING SEA OF POLITICAL AND WAR PROBLEMS.

The Irish Wedge Between the Factions  
Going Deeper Into the Political Trench—The Late Sir Moses Montefiore.  
Censure—Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Although parliament has not yet adjourned the London season of 88 is now dead and buried. The trees in the park are beginning to look brown and arid. Goodwood is over. The lord mayor's banquet of green turtle to his ministers just before the end of the season has been eaten. Preachers are taking as text "Veni Vinitum." All who are not chained to town by politics or business are "over the hills and far away."

The situation still continues to be precarious. Lord Salisbury's remarks over the old mayor's turtle showed clearly that he considers himself merely as the stop gap between the Tories and the Liberals. The Tories are already wrestling for every inch of vantage ground in the coming elections. In foreign politics, as well as in home affairs, the drift is slow but surely toward war. In Central Asia it is Russia, in Egypt it is France, and in South Africa it is Germany that cries distinctly, "Check to England's queue."

The Irish outlook is not more cheerful. Ireland seems already splitting like a wedge into the two camps of the British and the Irish. In the case of the British, like Cleveland Democrats, like Butler Greenbacks, like Gladstone Liberals, the Salisbury-Churchill Tories now run the risk of finding their bog trap in the Irish question. Lord Randolph Churchill favors the extension of the Irish franchise, a liberal land purchase bill and home rule in Irish localities. It was on these lines that he introduced a grand political meeting at Liverpool.

The greatest enthusiasm prevailed at Liverpool, and 8,000 people had secured tickets for the first night of the meeting. The Irish question is a subject of parliamentary stipulations requires that a minister in making speeches in provinces must be introduced by the Irish question. Lord Randolph Churchill had agreed to make the Liverpool speech without its ever occurring to his mind. The two conservative members from Liverpool who they thought about it all.

At the very last moment, when Lord Randolph asked Lord Chamberlain and Mr. Whitley, the Conservative members for Liverpool, by what train they and he were to go to Liverpool for the meeting, they said: "We won't go there. We don't approve of your Irish ideas, and will fight tooth and nail the Manxman policy of the present administration."

Although all arrangements had been made on a grand scale at Liverpool for special speeches, Lord Randolph, acting upon the advice of Lord Salisbury, determined not to go to Liverpool nor to make any grand Irish speech anywhere for the present. Nobody can deny that it was the Irish vote that brought the Conservatives into power. Then why did the entire party retain by retaining that vote.

The official entrance of Lord Salisbury and his colleagues depends upon the result of the election. Lord Chamberlain feels this, and has the luck to act upon his convictions. Other leading Conservatives feel this, and have the luck to act upon their convictions. The result of the election now is, "Will the Conservatives split on the Irish question?" Meanwhile Mr. Parnell is not content with his position as Lord Randolph Churchill—in spite of his pranks and blunders—is the real prime minister of England.

The Praise of Montefiore.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—In each of the seven synagogues of London, the customary prayer used by Portuguese Jews for the repose of the soul was used on the occasion of the mourning for Montefiore. In several of these eulogistic sermons were delivered, as in one synagogue near the Langham hotel; another, a very ancient one in the city proper, at Great St. Helen's; the "great" synagogue, also venerable, at Aldgate; and the fashionable one at Baywater. At the last named the sermon of the day was delivered by Rabbi Simon Singer, who preached from the text, "Let me die the death of the righteous and let my end be like his."

The sermon began by calling the death a "fresh Jewish historical landmark." It said: "The foremost figure of the last century of Jewish history has disappeared from human sight. The age, which will probably be known as the age of Montefiore, is closed. Around the last resting place of him who was king of Jerusalem were collected the tribes of the tribes of Israel to be gathered; but there were more than could be numbered by the eye to fulfill the ancient Jewish obligation of accompanying the dead."

From Russia to the lands washed by southern seas, from where the cradle of race to the sea, where our brethren have reared new homes and become citizens of new states; wherever upon the face of the globe the Jewish people were turned, the great Jewish historical landmark of the last century of Jewish history has disappeared from human sight. The age, which will probably be known as the age of Montefiore, is closed. Around the last resting place of him who was king of Jerusalem were collected the tribes of the tribes of Israel to be gathered; but there were more than could be numbered by the eye to fulfill the ancient Jewish obligation of accompanying the dead.

From Russia to the lands washed by southern seas, from where the cradle of race to the sea, where our brethren have reared new homes and become citizens of new states; wherever upon the face of the globe the Jewish people were turned, the great Jewish historical landmark of the last century of Jewish history has disappeared from human sight. The age, which will probably be known as the age of Montefiore, is closed. Around the last resting place of him who was king of Jerusalem were collected the tribes of the tribes of Israel to be gathered; but there were more than could be numbered by the eye to fulfill the ancient Jewish obligation of accompanying the dead.

his nature. "To the last he maintained the same lively interest in all good work as characterized his earliest days. He had attained a pinnacle of moral greatness such as Channing calls that sublime energy by which the soul, smitten with love of virtue, binds itself indissolubly for life and death to truth and duty."

Having spoken of his chivalrous devotion to his wife and her memory, his attachment to the Jewish faith and ritual, and his passionate love for Zion and her children, the rabbi referred to a marked peculiarity of his character—his not being injured by prosperity or praise, and concluded by saying that: "Of no other man, of no blessed dead, but full life autumn fruits that mellowed long. Even wounded at because he dropped no corner. The tomb is a square stone building with a dome and portico, situated directly in front of the synagogue. Sir Moses Montefiore lies next to his wife. Each is covered with an immense slab of red granite with a Hebrew inscription over the door. The Hebrew inscription is as follows: "Into Thy hands I commit my soul. To the last he maintained the same lively interest in all good work as characterized his earliest days. He had attained a pinnacle of moral greatness such as Channing calls that sublime energy by which the soul, smitten with love of virtue, binds itself indissolubly for life and death to truth and duty."

"Fervent Parsons."

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The St. James Gazette contains a general public opinion in severely critical terms the archbishop of Canterbury, Cardinal Manning and the bishop of London for acting as a volunteer committee to aid in advancing the fifth of the Ball Mail Gazette. It claims that by their silence regarding its rhetoric, which not one of them was to dare to say, and from his pulpit, they sanction an obnoxious use of the press, and claims that they also failed to rebuke the "sacredness" who named his little English nation on virtue and his success. Public opinion everywhere says that becomes of the pretence that the legislature aids the rich to detach the poor when the lords three times passed a remedial bill, and the commons, who are supposed to be the poor man's friends, have so far failed to do so. These committees have greatly lost the confidence of the public and their friends.

GRANT'S FIRST NOMINATION.

The Narrow Escape of a Church Which Bore an Old Inscription During the War.

BIRMINGHAM, Aug. 4.—A veteran of the Seventeenth Maine Regiment late of the war of Gen. Grant's first nomination for the presidency. The Second corps was marching from the front of the city of Vicksburg, when, about ten miles from the Confederate capital, a halt was made for breakfast near an old church. Some of the boys entered the church out of curiosity, and the first thing that met their gaze was an inscription in charcoal upon the dead white wall of the pulpit. It read: "I have been killed by the rebels." "Clayton S. Grant; may be he is dead, and quartered."

The impulse of the soldiers was to take revenge by burning the church, and this would undoubtedly have been done had not one of the men approached the pulpit and read the inscription. Evidence could not be read from the further end of the church. It was this: "Hallowed be the memory of victory, drawn in the chariot of peace, and quartered in the White House at Washington."

The church was saved. A distinguished officer here tells a new story of Gen. Grant. In one of the opening battles of Grant's last campaign a Maine soldier received a peculiarly painful wound, not dangerous wound. He was but a short distance from Gen. Grant, who at the time was talking to Gen. Hancock. The Maine man yelled with exultant vigor, and Gen. Grant, turning to Col. Moore, now of Doring, said: "Let that man go to the rear; he will spoil the entire rest of the day if he keeps up screaming in that way." At that time Gen. Grant was in constant danger of being killed by his wife's seducer.

KATY HAZEN, Aug. 4.—Harvey Keith, a well-known farmer in a prominent position in the Maine legislature, was found in Mack's lake, badly bruised and apparently mortally injured. Evidence taken before a coroner's jury implicates a man named Mark, who found Keith with his hands and feet bound. Mark, who is said to be innocent. A brother of Mark is said to have the same incentive to the deed. Mark has been arrested. The murder is the most horrible one committed in Maine since the war, and excitement is intense.

Cut Down by Hailstones.

PORT JEFFERSON, Aug. 4.—There was a terrific thunder storm here. Lightning struck many times near the village. The hail fell for half an hour, completely destroying most of the crops north of the village. The hailstones were as large as hickory nuts, and in places the ground was covered to the depth of several inches. All kinds of garden truck were broken flat to the ground and fruit was total loss. Many orchards are devastated, the fruit being pelted off by the hail. The November hail is fifteen miles from this town is many thousands dollars poorer.

He Served With Grant in Mexico.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The funeral of Dr. Witt Clinton Slater, who served in the Mexican war with the legion of the Mexican army, took place from 678 West Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn. It was largely through Slater's efforts that Salomon's Bay Harbor was established. He was a constant contributor to the Salomon's Magazine.

Fancy Hoffer Suffers Killed.

DRESDEN, Aug. 4.—A. S. Williams and William Williams, who were killed in the Battle of Gettysburg, were struck by a train and terribly mangled. Green is dead and Williams is dying. It is supposed that the train was on the Hillside on the track, and being somewhat in liquor, did not see the train coming. Each was about twenty-two years old.

Saragosa Races.

SARAGOSA, Aug. 4.—The weather was threatening and the track muddy. There are about 5,000 people at the track. First race, for two-year-olds, five furlongs. Kirtland, by the trainer, won. Colonel Cowan third. Time 1:04. Mutuals paid \$35.00.







## TORONTO'S BIG BLAZE.

OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS WORTH OF PROPERTY DESTROYED.

One Man, So Far as Known, Lost in the Flames—Sailors Hemmed in a Furnace of Fire—Escaping in the Water They Are Burned—List of Victims.

Toronto, Aug. 4.—For destructiveness and loss of property the fire has probably never had an equal in the city. Scores of valuable crafts of all grades which were moored along the docks suffered alike with the factory, foundry, elevator, boat houses, etc. Fifteen minutes after the fire broke out it was seen that the big glucose factory was doomed. Flaming flames were shooting from a quarter of a thousand or so of windows that were scattered throughout the factory. At this time the heat was so intense that the flames could barely go within half a block of the building, and they were utterly powerless to stay the flames.

A rumor was soon current that Henry Wirt, one of the watchmen of the Glucose factory, was missing. He was seen a few minutes before the fire was discovered and it is said to have gone after the books of the company. The most diligent search failed to obtain a clue to his whereabouts and he must have perished.

Sailors on the fine schooner Alice Mulvey, loaded with coal which was unloading at Rogers' docks adjoining the factory, had a terrible experience in attempting to escape. William McCallum, of Port Hope, a sailor, was burned so badly he may die. The men were all in their bunks and were aroused by the loud crackling noise of the flames. When they got out on the deck the cabin and rigging of the vessel were enveloped in flames. The great heat from the roaring furnace to the east of them was so intense that escape to the wharf was cut off. The men then made for the south end of the wharf, jumped into the water and swam to the adjoining wharf. In doing so they were all more or less burned.

William McCallum suffered terrible scorching. The captain of the Mulvey, Thomas Light, of Port Hope, and James McCallum, brother of William, were also pretty badly scorched. The Mulvey, valued at \$30,000, was burned to the water's edge in less than half an hour.

The rapidity with which the flames spread was nothing short of marvelous. A strong east wind, amounting at times to a hurricane, was blowing when the fire broke out. Great sparks and burning cinders were blown westward with rapidity.

At 9 o'clock the flames had reached the foot of Scott street. Almost everything in its way, stationary and afloat, from Princess to Young street, a distance of over half a mile, was burned.

It is utterly impossible at this moment to give any idea of the amount of property lost. It will foot up to over a million dollars. It was nearly 5 o'clock before the fire was got under control. A light rain began falling at about 4 o'clock, and the wind shifted to the northeast, and firemen were able to check the flames just as they reached Young street docks.

The flames very luckily were confined to the esplanade, and valuable buildings on the west side, nine blocks away, the flames traversed, escaped with a scorching.

The following are among the properties consumed and damaged:  
The Glucose factory owned by a syndicate, brick building, eight stories high, and cost \$300,000 six years ago; Schooner Annie Mulvey; Rogers' coal docks with several hundred tons of coal; Thomas Sauter's boat house; S. R. Hall's boat house; A. Evans' boat house; J. Gussel's boat house; J. D. bottom's boat house; Reid & Co.'s lumber yard; Walsh, James & Co.'s lumber yard; Currie, Martin & Co.'s boiler works; corporation wharf; Wiman's swimming bath; Mrs. M. Remondson's boat house; Hamilton & Son's elevator; G. & J. Warrin's boat house; Joseph Adamson's law house; H. Williams' roofing works; William Poloms & Company's engine works; J. G. Board's wharf and elevator; J. Sage's blacksmith shop; buildings in Lionel York's stone yard; Vale & Vets' flour barrel factory; C. Nelson & Son's scale factory; Adamson's wharf; St. Lawrence's wharf; Stummon's cigar box manufactory; Wm. Adamson's wharf; S. Crane & Company's coal docks; Sylvester & Hestman's wharf; Dunlop's & Oliver's lumber yard; J. R. Bailey & Company's coal docks; fleet of ferry steamers, Ontario, Mazepa, Annie Craig and Theresa, foot of Church street, nearly all destroyed; also Stone Hooker, Madeline and Mary Ann; buildings between Church and Young streets; the Bay-side rowing club house, Cook, Jones & Inglis works, George Lumbo's fruit market, Hamilton's wharf, Mrs. Grieves' boat house, D. G. Lore's boat house, F. Burns' coal docks, and Millory's wharf.

### FACTS FOR FARMERS.

Condition of Spring Wheat—An Abundant Yield of Corn Promised.  
CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Reports received by the McCormick Harvesting Machine company show that the spring wheat crop has suffered an average damage in Wisconsin of 17 per cent.; Iowa, 13 per cent.; Minnesota, 12 per cent.; Nebraska, 9 per cent.; and Dakota, 8 per cent. This brings the condition of the crop down about 10 per cent. as compared with last of June.

The average condition of the corn and oat crop is estimated as follows: Ohio, corn 65, oats 64; Indiana, corn 64, oats 65; Illinois, corn 65, oats 64; Kentucky, corn 65, oats 65; Missouri, corn 64, oats 66; Kansas, corn 65, oats 65; Nebraska, corn 67, oats 64; Iowa, corn 67, oats 61; Wisconsin, corn 65, oats 64; Minnesota, corn 65, oats 65; Dakota, corn 67, oats 65.

A higher average condition of the crops of "feed grains" has never been known, and coupling this with the fact that, owing to the failure of the winter wheat crop, the acreage of corn and oats was very largely increased, the present outlook certainly indicates an unparalleled yield of these cereals, also a large crop of grass.

English Injunction.  
MONTREAL, Aug. 4.—The verdict in the trial of a case accepted with unanimity by the English residents of this province, but the Press voice the sentiments of many French Canadians when it says: "It is a verdict that the government took so much trouble to have the trial convicted after having accepted the plea of insanity in the case of Jackson, Riel's secretary. Both were fully notorious, but Jackson was English. It would be difficult to find any other explanation for the benevolence of which he has been the object."

## NO POISON IN THE PASTRY



ARE USED.  
Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Creams, etc. IRON is used in all natural as the fruit from which they are made. FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.

Price Baking Powder Co., Chicago, Ill. Makers of St. Louis, Mo.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder

Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems, Best Dry Hop Yeast. FOR SALE BY GROCERS. WE MAKE BUT ONE QUALITY.

## SPRING FEVER



For Weakness, Indigestion, Lack of Energy, etc. Iron Bitters is the only tonic that is not injurious. It does not weaken or irritate the system, restores Appetite, Aids Digestion, and builds up the system. It is a positive remedy. It is a tonic that is not a medicine. It is a tonic that is not a medicine. It is a tonic that is not a medicine.

AT THE

## PAINT

IS A FINE COAT OF—

## WALL PAPER,

CEILING DECORATIONS, and everything in the paint line.

ALABASTINE is the best coating for walls and ceilings; it will not rub off and is cheaper and better than Kalsomine or White wash. Anyone can put it on.

ALBERT GREENWOOD, No. 2 Zweigart's Block.

PORTER, ENIN & DEAL, PRACTICAL.

## CARRIAGE BUILDERS

(Formerly with Burrows & Atherton), have just opened a manufacturing establishment on Third street, near market, and are fully prepared to do with promptness.

## REPAIRING

and all kinds of NEW CARRIAGE WORK, at prices fully in accordance with the times.

Maltby, Bentley & Co., —DEALERS IN—

## GROCERIES AND LIQUORS.

Wholesale and Retail.

No. 18 Market Street, Mayville, Ky.

W. A. NORTON, —Representing—

LOUISVILLE COTTON AND GRAIN EXCHANGE.

Chicago Markets received every ten minutes. Orders taken for 10 minutes and upwards. Office: Cooper's building Second St.

F. L. TRAYNER, —Manufacturer of—

## PIANOS AND ORGANS.

All instruments warranted. Pianos tuned and repaired. Front street, Mayville, Ky.

## WE OFFER CHAMBER SUITS!

the Newest and Best Styles, forty different styles Bureaus, seventy-five different styles Bedsteads, a large stock of Sideboards, Wardrobes, Book Cases, Cheffoniers, Hat-racks, Hall and Lawn Seats, Dining and Library Tables, Marble and Wood-top Stands; ten different styles of

## Folding Bed Lounges,

Spring Bottom Beds, Spring, Cotton, Cotton Top and Excelsior Mattresses; twenty Parlor Suits of the best styles and designs. Also a large stock of Upholstered Platform Rockers, a full line of Rattan; Carpet Seat and Back, Reed Case, Outside Case, Perforated, Folding, Camp, Dining, Library and

## Office Chairs!

We do not advertise an empty house but a LARGE FURNITURE BUILDING FULL of the best goods, comprising the greatest variety of styles and calculated to attract the attention of the most exacting trade. Call and see our stock. We take pleasure in showing it and giving prices.

## HENRY ORT

East Second Street, Mayville.

## Maysville REPAIRING WORKS.

—LOCK AND—

## GUN SMITHING,

Stenell Cutting,

## BELL HANGING

—AND—

## General Repairing.

Manufacturer of RUBBER STAMPS

Of every description.

J. F. RYAN, No. 8 W. Second St.

ROBERT RINSET, —PRACTICAL—

## PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Orders promptly attended to. No. 25 Second street.

W. E. GRIMES & CO., —New Stock of—

## FURNITURE!

PARLOR, DINING-ROOM and CHAMBER SETS in great variety. We make a point of keeping on hand a large stock of all the essential articles in Furniture, Bedding, etc., and know our prices are reasonable for reliable goods. Store: corner of Third and Market streets, Glasgow's old stand.

T. J. CUNLEY, Sanitary Plumber,

## GAS & STEAM FITTER,

Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

## Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,

Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Pumps and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Persons given satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CUNLEY, Second street, above Market, opposite Omar Dodson's, Mayville, Ky. 1867

## PRICES NO OBJECT!

The balance of this month we shall devote to close out our stock of Summer Goods. We name a few prices below:

Boys' All Wool Suits, worth from

\$4.00 to \$7.00 . . . . \$2.50

Summer Coats, worth \$1.50 . . . . 25

Good Summer Undershirts . . . . 25

Blue Linen Coats . . . . 25

Come quick, if you want any of these splendid bargains. Respectfully,

## HECHINGER & CO.

ODDFELLOWS' HALL.

## BIG REDUCTIONS!

Rather than wait until the end of the season to clean up our stock, we will commence TO-DAY. Stop! Look! Listen! Who can match the following

## MATCHLESS BARGAINS?

PRINTED LAWNS, 3 1/2 cents per yard; BEST LAWNS MADE, 9 cents per yard; BEST DRESS GINGHAMS, 8 1/2-10 and 10 cents; INDIA LINENS, 8 1/2-10, 12 and 14 cents; GOOD CALICOES at 4 cents per yard; BRAIDED JERSEYS at 50 cents; FINE JERSEYS at 98 cents, \$1.25 and \$1.50; TURKEY RED DAMASK, 33 1/2-35 cents per yard; PARASOLS at half price; LADIES' FINE HOSE at 10 and 15 cents;

## MOSQUITO BARS,

Ready-made, on Hoop and Canopy Frames, very cheap. Everybody is invited to call. We are going to give BARGAINS.

## J. W. SPARKS & BRO.

—LOCK AND—

## GUN SMITHING,

Stenell Cutting,

## BELL HANGING

—AND—

## General Repairing.

Manufacturer of RUBBER STAMPS

Of every description.

J. F. RYAN, No. 8 W. Second St.

ROBERT RINSET, —PRACTICAL—

## PLUMBER

Gas and Steam Fitter.

Orders promptly attended to. No. 25 Second street.

W. E. GRIMES & CO., —New Stock of—

## FURNITURE!

PARLOR, DINING-ROOM and CHAMBER SETS in great variety. We make a point of keeping on hand a large stock of all the essential articles in Furniture, Bedding, etc., and know our prices are reasonable for reliable goods. Store: corner of Third and Market streets, Glasgow's old stand.

T. J. CUNLEY, Sanitary Plumber,

## GAS & STEAM FITTER,

Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

## Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe,

Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Pumps and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Persons given satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CUNLEY, Second street, above Market, opposite Omar Dodson's, Mayville, Ky. 1867

## HERMANN LANGE,

—The Jeweler, is receiving the latest styles of—

## FINE JEWELRY,

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks and Novelties. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No. 43 Second Street, three doors below Market, Mayville, Ky.

—GO TO—

## J. BALLENGER

—FOR—

## FINE JEWELRY,

Watches, Diamonds, Silverware, Clocks and Novelties. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. No. 43 Second Street, three doors below Market, Mayville, Ky.

## DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ETC.

Bridal and Anniversary Gifts a specialty. A large stock to select from at all times. A trial is solicited and satisfaction guaranteed.

JOHN HAUCK'S

—CELEBRATED—

## Golden Eagle Brand

—OF—

## LACER BEER.

Also EXPORT in bottles. For sale only by J. H. WILSON, JOSEPH A. DIENER.

G. M. WILLIAMS, —DENTIST—

Fine work in all the departments of dentistry. Office and residence White Block, corner Third and Limestone streets. (367)

Second Street, next door to Kackley's book store; entrance through C. H. White's residence. Dresses cut and made to order. Prices reasonable and work promptly done.

HARDING & CLARK, —Fashionable—

DRESSMAKERS.